



ANNUAL REPORT

June 30 2017



NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LTD
Ministry of Energy, Power Division, Government of Pakistan
235, A-Block, Ministry of Energy, Power Division, Pak Secretariat, Islamabad - Pakistan

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>S#</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Page #</u>
1.	Corporate Information	1
2.	Directors' Report 2017	2
3.	Auditors' Report to the Members and Financial Statements for the Period ending 30 th June 2017	8
4.	Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Public-Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 for the Period ending 30 th June 2017	37
5.	Statement of Compliance with Public Sector Companies (corporate Governance) Rules 2013 for the Period ending 30 th June 2017	38
6.	Form of proxy	43

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors	1. Mr. Arif Saeed	Chairman
	2. Mr. Asad Ali Khan	Director
	3. Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan	Director
	4. Syed Maratib Ali	Director
	5. Mr. Shah Jahan Mirza	Director
	6. Mr. Zafar Abbas	Director
	7. Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain	Director
	8. Mr. Amjad Latif	Director
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Rashid Mahmood	
Finance & Audit Committee	1. Syed Maratib Ali	Chairman
	2. Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain	Member
	3. Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan	Member
Human Resource Committee	1. Mr. Arif Saeed	Chairman
	2. Mr. Amjad Latif	Member
	3. Mr. Zafar Abbas	Member
	4. Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	Member
Procurement Committee	1. Mr. Asad Ali Khan	Chairman
	2. Mr. Arif Saeed	Member
	3. Mr. Zafar Abbas	Member
	4. Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain	Member
Nomination Committee	1. Mr. Arif Saeed	Chairman
	2. Mr. Zafar Abbas	Member
	3. Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	Member
Risk Management Committee	1. Syed Maratib Ali	Chairman
	2. Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan	Member
	3. Mr. Shah Jahan Mirza	Member
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Sajjad Ahmed	
Company Secretary	Mr. Shahzad Iqbal	
Auditors	A.F Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants	
Legal Advisors	Cornelius, Lane & Mufti	
Bankers to the Company	National Bank of Pakistan	
Registered Office	Room No. 235, A-Block, Ministry of Water & Power, Pak Secretariat, Constitution Avenue, Islamabad	

DIRECTORS REPORT 2017

DEAR MEMBERS

The Directors of National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited (the Company), are pleased to furnish this report along with the Financial Statements for the period ending 30th June 2017 and Auditors Report thereon, as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2017.

COMPANY'S OVERVIEW

- 1) The Company was incorporated as a Company to build, own and operate, *inter alia*, two power plants at Haveli Bahadar Shah District Jhang (1230 MW gross) and Balloki District Kasur (1223 MW gross). The Company took the challenge to complete these projects within an ambitious timeframe of 27 months with the aim to:
 - a. Install efficient technology so that affordable electricity could be produced and supplied to the main load centers i.e. Lahore and Faisalabad through the National Grid.
 - b. Contribute in reducing power shortfall.
- 2) With respect to Haveli Bahadur Shah Power Plant, the Reliability Run Test (RRT) for the first gas turbine was successfully completed, whereas, the RRT for second gas turbine was put on seven-day RRT by 30th June 2017. With respect to Balloki Power Plant, final alignment of first gas turbine was started, whereas, lube oil flushing for second gas turbine was in progress by 30th June 2017.
- 3) The financial information for the expenditure incurred till 30th June 2017 on these projects is given as under:

(Rs. In million)

<u>Projects' Financial Information</u>	Haveli Bahadur Shah Power Plant	Balloki Power Plant
EPC Milestones Achieved	40,545	39,831
Advance to EPC Contractor	2,894	0
Spur Gas Pipeline - SNGPL	2,678	878
Consultancy Fees	751	748
Borrowing cost	2,927	2,171
Insurance	260	249
LC Commission	141	162
Custom duties and infrastructure cess	2,372	1,970
Others	502	135
Total	53,070	46,144

- 4) The summary of company's financial affairs till 30th June 2017 vis-à-vis 30th June 2016 and 30th June 2015 is given hereunder:

(Rs. In million)

<u>Financial Position</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Non-Current Assets	111,641	33,017	915
Current Assets	24,359	26,684	1,593
Total	136,000	59,701	2,508
Equity & Reserves	116,343	2,511	2,502
Non-Current Liabilities	5,042	46,365	-
Current Liabilities	14,615	10,825	6
Total	136,000	59,701	2,508
<u>Statement of Income</u>			
Other Income	51	139	4
Admin Expenses	(163)	(125)	(1)
Taxation	(56)	(5)	(1)
Net (Loss) / Profit	(168)	9	2

CORPORATE & FINANCIAL REPORTING

- 1 The Board has complied with the relevant principles of corporate governance, and has identified the rules that have not been complied with, the period in which such non-compliance continued, and reasons for such non-compliance;
- 2 The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company present fairly its state of affairs, result of operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- 3 Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained;
- 4 Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- 5 Board recognizes its responsibility to establish and maintain sound system of internal control, which is regularly reviewed and monitored, and
- 6 The appointment of chairman and other members of Board and the terms of their appointment along with the remuneration policy adopted are in the best interests of the Company as well as in line with the best practices.

REMUNERATION OF THE EXECUTIVES AND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The executives' remuneration is based on the scales/rates approved by the Board, whereas, the meetings' fee for the Board and its Committees is based on a directive of the Government as adopted by the Board i.e. fee of Rs. 35,000/meeting. The other payments made to the Board members include their traveling and accommodation expenditure incurred for attending Board's and Committees' meetings.

ATTENDANCE OF BOARD MEETINGS FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2016-17

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Attendance</u>
Mr. Arif Saeed, Chairman	8/8
Mr. Asad Ali Khan	6/8
Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	5/8
Syed Maratib Ali	4/8
Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain	7/8
Mr. Zafar Abbas	8/8
Mr. Shah Jahan Mirza	4/8
Mr. Amjad Latif	6/8

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

<u>Name of Member</u>	<u>No. of Shares held</u>	<u>% of holding</u>
Government of Pakistan, through President of Pakistan	9,997	99.97%
Director(s)	1	0.03%
Others	2	
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>100%</u>



ARIF SAEED
Chairman Board of Directors
Dated: 28th September 2017
Lahore

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ، 2017ء

محترم اراکین

نیشنل پاور پارکس مینجمنٹ کمپنی پرائیویٹ لمیٹڈ کے ڈائریکٹر کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے مطابق یہ رپورٹ اور اس کے ساتھ 30 جون 2017ء تک کی فنانشل سٹیٹمنٹس اور آڈیٹروں کی رپورٹ پیش کرنے میں خوشی محسوس کرتے ہیں۔

کمپنی کا مختصر جائزہ

(1) کمپنی کے قیام کا مقصد حویلی بہادر شاہ ضلع جھنگ (1230 میگا واٹ) اور بلوکی ضلع قصور (1223 میگا واٹ) کے دو پاور پلانٹس لگانا اور چلانا تھا۔ کمپنی نے یہ پراجیکٹ 27 ماہ کی مختصر مدت کے اندر اندر مکمل کرنے کا چیلنج قبول کیا، تاکہ:

- باکفایت ٹیکنالوجی کی تنصیب کی جائے جس سے سستی بجلی پیدا ہو اور لوڈ کے بڑے مراکز، یعنی لاہور اور فیصل آباد کو نیشنل گرڈ کے ذریعے مہیا کی جائے۔
- بجلی کی قلت میں کمی لانی جائے۔

(2) حویلی بہادر شاہ پاور پلانٹ کے حوالے سے پہلی گیس ٹربائن کا معتبریت کا ٹیسٹ (RRT) کامیابی سے مکمل کر لیا گیا تھا، جبکہ دوسری گیس ٹربائن کے لیے RRT کو 30 جون 2017ء کو سات روزہ RRT پر رکھا گیا۔ بلوکی پاور پلانٹ کے معاملے میں پہلی گیس ٹربائن کی حتمی الانٹمنٹ شروع کی گئی، جبکہ دوسری گیس ٹربائن کے لیے لیوب آئل کی فلشنگ 30 جون 2017ء کو جاری تھی۔

(3) ان پراجیکٹس پر 30 جون 2017ء تک ہونے والے اخراجات کی تفصیل مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

(ملین روپے میں)

پراجیکٹ کی فنانشل تفصیل	حویلی بہادر شاہ پاور پلانٹ	بلوکی پاور پلانٹ
EPC کے کامیاب مراحل کی لاگت	40,545	39,831
EPC کنٹریکٹر کو ایڈوانس	2,894	0
سپر گیس پائپ لائن کی لاگت - SNGPL	2,678	878
کنسلٹنسی فیس	751	748
ادھار لینے کی لاگت	2,927	2,171
انشورنس	260	249
ایل سی کمیشن	141	162
کسٹم ڈیوٹیز اور بنیادی سہولیات کا ٹیکس	2,372	1,970
دیگر	502	135
کل	53,070	46,144

(4) 30 جون 2017ء تک کمپنی کے مالی امور بمقابلہ 30 جون 2016ء اور 30 جون 2015ء تک مالی امور مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

(ملین روپے میں)

مالی حیثیت (فنانشل پوزیشن)	2017	2016	2015
مستقل (نان کرنٹ) اثاثے	111,641	33,017	915
موجودہ (کرنٹ) اثاثے	24,359	26,684	1,593
کل	136,000	59,701	2,508
ایکویٹی اور ریزرو	116,343	2,511	2,502
نان کرنٹ واجبات	5,042	46,365	-
کرنٹ واجبات	14,615	10,825	6
کل	136,000	59,701	2,508
آمدنی کی سٹیٹمنٹ			
دیگر آمدنی	51	139	4
انتظامی اخراجات	(163)	(125)	(1)
ٹیکس	(56)	(5)	(1)
نیٹ منافع/خسارہ	(168)	9	2

کارپوریٹ اور فنانشل رپورٹنگ

- 1 بورڈ نے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے متعلقہ قواعد پر عمل کیا ہے اور یہ بھی نشاندہی کی گئی ہے کہ کونسے اصولوں کی پیروی نہیں کی گئی، یہ عدم پیروی کا سلسلہ کتنے عرصے تک جاری رہا اور اس کی وجوہات کیا تھیں؟
- 2 کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی تیار کردہ فنانشل سٹیٹمنٹس اس کے معاملات، آپریشنز کے نتائج، کیش فلو اور ایکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو خاصے منصفانہ انداز میں پیش کرتی ہیں؟
- 3 کمپنی کے موزوں کھاتے رکھے گئے ہیں؟
- 4 مالیاتی سٹیٹمنٹس کی تیاری میں موزوں اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیاں تواتر سے لاگو کی جا رہی ہیں اور اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینوں کی بنیاد معقول اور محتاط فیصلوں پر ہے؟
- 5 بورڈ اندرونی کنٹرول کا ایک محفوظ نظام قائم کرنے اور چلانے کے لیے اپنی ذمہ داری کو تسلیم کرتا ہے، جس پر باقاعدگی سے نظرثانی اور مانیٹرنگ ہوتی رہے؛ اور
- 6 بورڈ کے چیئرمین اور دیگر اراکین کا تقرر اور ان کے تقرر کی شرائط مع معاوضہ پالیسی اختیار کرتے ہوئے بہترین طور طریقوں کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی کے بہترین مفادات کو بھی مدنظر رکھا گیا۔

ایگزیکٹوز اور بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کا معاوضہ

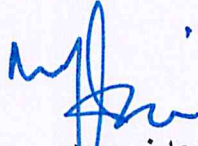
ایگزیکٹوز کے معاوضے کی بنیاد بورڈ کے منظور کردہ سکیلوں/شرحوں پر ہے، جبکہ بورڈ اور اس کی کمیٹیوں کی میٹنگوں کی فیس بورڈ کے اختیار کردہ حکومتی ہدایت نامے پر مبنی ہے، یعنی 35,000 روپے فی میٹنگ۔ بورڈ کے اراکین کی دی گئی دیگر ادائیگیوں میں ان کے سفر اور رہائش کے اخراجات بھی شامل ہیں جو کہ بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس میں حاضری کے لیے خرچ ہوئے۔

بورڈ کی میٹنگوں کے لیے حاضری، برائے سال 2016-17ء

حاضری	ڈائریکٹر کا نام
8/8	جناب عارف سعید، چیئرمین
6/8	جناب اسد علی خان
5/8	جناب نعمان احمد خان
4/8	جناب سید مراتب علی
7/8	جناب عامر محمود حسین
8/8	جناب ظفر عباس
4/8	جناب شاہ جہاں مرزا
6/8	جناب امجد لطیف

شینر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن

بولڈنگ کی فیصد	شینروں کی تعداد	رکن کا نام
99.97%	9,997	حکومت پاکستان، بوساطت صدر پاکستان
0.03%	1	ڈائریکٹر (ڈائریکٹرز)
	2	دیگر
100%	10,000	



عارف سعید
چیئرمین بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز
مورخہ 28 ستمبر 2017ء
لاہور

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of National Power Parks Management Company ("the Company") as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;

*A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
23-C, Aziz Avenue, Canal Bank, Gulberg-V, P.O.Box 39, Lahore-54660, Pakistan
Tel: +92 (42) 3571 5868-71 / 3577 5747-50 Fax: +92 (42) 3577 5754 www.pwc.com/pk*



- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Affirmation

Chartered Accountants

Name of engagement partner: Hammad Ali Ahmad


Lahore, September 28, 2017

NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees in thousand	2016
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Operating fixed assets	5	763,797	759,372
Capital work-in-progress	6	99,213,590	32,250,456
Intangible assets	7	2,103	-
Long term advances and deposits	8	11,661,816	7,038
		111,641,306	33,016,866
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	9	1,745,200	267,650
Tax refunds due from Government	10	2,671,347	741,544
Cash and bank balances	11	19,942,690	25,675,046
		24,359,237	26,684,240
		136,000,543	59,701,106
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized share capital 10,000 (2016: 10,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		100	100
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 10,000 (2016: 3) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	12	100	0.03
Share deposit money	13	116,499,900	2,500,000
Accumulated (loss) / profit		(156,830)	11,525
		116,343,170	2,511,525
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loan	14	-	45,000,000
Retention money	15	5,021,115	1,357,157
Deferred liabilities	16	21,510	7,423
		5,042,625	46,364,580
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	17	11,765,472	8,324,450
Accrued markup	18	1,203,284	2,495,783
Short term borrowings	19	1,629,453	-
Provision for taxation	20	16,539	4,768
		14,614,748	10,825,001
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	21	136,000,543	59,701,106

The annexed notes 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive

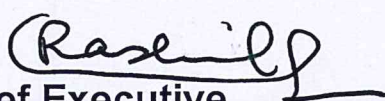

Director

NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees in thousand	2016
Administration expenses	23	(162,422)	(124,714)
Other income	24	51,094	138,833
(Loss)/Profit before interest and tax		(111,328)	14,119
Financial charges	25	(250)	(102)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(111,578)	14,017
Taxation	20	(56,048)	(4,485)
(Loss)/Profit for the year		(167,626)	9,532

The annexed notes 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive


Director

NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

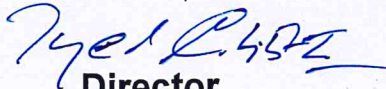
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017	2016
	Rupees in thousand	
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(167,626)	9,532
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	(729)	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	<u>(168,355)</u>	<u>9,532</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

At

Chief Executive


Director

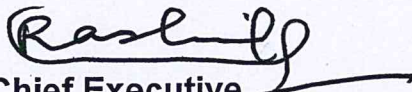
NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	Share Capital	Share Deposit Money	Accumulated Profit/(Loss)	Total
Rupees in thousand					
Balance as at July 1, 2015		0.03	2,500,000	1,993	2,501,993
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	9,532	9,532
Balance as at June 30, 2016		0.03	2,500,000	11,525	2,511,525
Share issued during the year (9997 shares of Rs 10 each)	12	99.97	(99.97)	-	-
Conversion of debt	13	-	114,000,000	-	114,000,000
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	(168,355)	(168,355)
Balance as at June 30, 2017		100	116,499,900	(156,830)	116,343,170

The annexed notes 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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Chief Executive

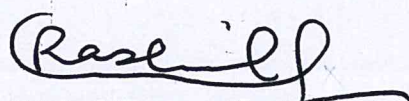

Director

NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees in thousand	2016
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash used in operations	22	(1,187,926)	(153,677)
Sales tax paid		(1,897,571)	(741,544)
Income tax paid		(138,752)	(76,227)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(3,224,249)</u>	<u>(971,448)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to operating fixed assets		(10,486)	(31,204)
Additions to capital work in progress		(61,469,919)	(19,904,902)
Additions to intangible assets		(2,378)	-
Long term advances and deposits		(11,654,778)	(7,038)
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(73,137,561)</u>	<u>(19,943,144)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Long term loan received		69,000,000	45,000,000
Short term borrowings		1,629,454	-
Net cash generated from financing activities		<u>70,629,454</u>	<u>45,000,000</u>
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(5,732,356)</u>	<u>24,085,408</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		25,675,046	1,589,638
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	11	<u><u>19,942,690</u></u>	<u><u>25,675,046</u></u>

The annexed notes 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive


Director

NATIONAL POWER PARKS MANAGEMENT COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1 Legal status and nature of business

1.1 National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited ('the Company') was incorporated as a private limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, now Companies Act, 2017, on March 2, 2015, wholly owned by Ministry of Water and Power, Government of Pakistan. The principal activity of the Company is to carry on business of generation of electricity through fossil fuels and bio fuels, including but not limited to oil (residual fuel oil, high speed diesel), gas, coal, hydro or alternative energy resources including but not limited to wind, solar and hydel or any other fuel mix used for generation of electricity in Pakistan and or outside Pakistan and to provide/sell the electricity produced to buyers in accordance with applicable laws. For this purpose, the Company is to own and operate two Regasified Liquefied Natural Gas (RLNG) based combine cycle power plants. The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No. 235, A-Block, Ministry of Water and Power, Pakistan Secretariat, Constitution Avenue, Islamabad Pakistan.

1.2 In exercise of powers conferred under subsection 4 of section 83 of Companies Act, 2017 and pursuant to federal cabinet's decision in case number 160/rule-19/17 dated June 30, 2017, the Federal Government instructed the Company to convert, with immediate effect, the amount of cash development loan, amounting to Rs. 114 billion into Government of Pakistan's equity. On completion of this conversion into equity, the Pakistan Development Fund Limited (PDFL) will acquire the entire equity stake of the Government of Pakistan.

1.3 For the purpose of setting up two RLNG based combined cycle power plants of 1,223 MW and 1,230 MW at Balloki, District Kasur and Haveli Bahadur Shah (HBS), District Jhang respectively, the Company entered into Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) contracts for both projects.

The EPC contractor for Balloki project is a joint venture of Harbin Electric International and Habib Rafiq (Private) Limited (HEI-HRL) whereas the EPC contractor for HBS project is a joint venture of Power Construction Corporation of China and Qavi Engineers (Private) Limited (PCCC-QEL).

1.4 National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) has determined generation tariff for both Balloki and HBS projects on August 9, 2016. A Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) was entered into by and between the Company and Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA) on October 29, 2016 and a Gas Supply Agreement (GSA) has been entered into with Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (SNGPL) on October 29, 2016.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. As per the requirements of circular No. CLD/CCD/PR(11)/2017 dated July 20, 2017 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions of or directives under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to published approved accounting standards

The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

47

2.2.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards effective in current year and applicable / relevant to the Company's operations

- IAS 1 (Amendment), 'Presentation of financial statements' on disclosure initiative. The application of these amendments has no material impact on the Company's financial statements. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

- IAS 16 and 38 (Amendment), 'Property, plant and equipment' and 'Intangibles' on acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization. The application of these amendments has no material impact on the Company's financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

Annual improvements 2014; IFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: disclosures'. IAS 19, 'Employee benefits'. The application of these amendments has no material impact on the Company's financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

2.2.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective but applicable / relevant to the Company's operations

Standards or interpretations:	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' on gross versus net revenue presentation	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019

2.2.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards effective in current year but not applicable / relevant to the Company's operations

Standards or interpretations:	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IAS 27 (Amendment), 'Separate financial statements' on application of equity method in separate financial statements	January 1, 2016
IAS 41 (Amendment), 'Agriculture' on bearer plants	January 1, 2016
IFRS 10, 12 and IAS 28 (Amendment), on exception to consolidation for investment entities	January 1, 2016
IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (Amendment), on sale or contribution of assets between an Investor and its associate or joint venture	January 1, 2016
IFRS 11 (Amendment), 'Joint arrangements' on acquisition of interest in joint operations	January 1, 2016
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Annual improvements 2014; IFRS 5, 'Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations'	January 1, 2016

411

2.2.4 Exemption from the applicability of certain interpretations to standards

SECP through SRO 24(I)/2012 has granted exemption from the application of International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease' and IFRIC 12 'Service Concession Arrangements' to all companies. However, the SECP made it mandatory to disclose the impact of the application of IFRIC 4 or IFRIC 12 on the results of the companies.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company has not yet commenced commercial operations. Consequently, if the Company were to follow IFRIC 4 or IFRIC 12, it would not have had any significant impact on the Company's financial statements as of June 30, 2017.

3 Basis of Measurement

3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value.

3.2 The Company's significant accounting policies are stated in note 4. Not all of these significant policies require the management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies the management considers critical because of their complexity, judgment of estimation involved in their application and their impact on these financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events and the actual results may differ from these estimates.

Employee retirement benefits involve a high degree of judgment where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements. The Company uses the valuation performed by an independent actuary as the present value of its retirement benefit obligations. The valuation is based on assumptions as mentioned in note 4.10.

4 Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any, except for freehold land which is stated at cost. Cost comprises of acquisition and other directly attributable cost.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account on the straight-line method so as to write off the historical cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 5. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or is available for use, and on disposals up to the preceding month of disposal.

Assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation rates are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. In case of replacement, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account.

An item of operating fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continuing use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss account in the period the asset is derecognized.

4.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less identified impairment losses, if any. It comprises of all expenses incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets in course of their acquisition, erection, construction and installation. It also includes salaries and wages and other costs directly attributable to capital work-in-progress, as determined by the management. Financial charges on borrowings for financing the projects which takes substantial time for completion, until such projects are available for their intended use, are also part of capital work-in-progress. These costs are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when assets are ready for intended use.

4.3 Intangible assets and amortization

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets at the rate shown in note 7 to the financial statements.

Amortization on additions is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the amortization charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

4.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example freehold land, are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment on the date of the balance sheet, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized, equal to the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment, are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date. Reversals of the impairment loss are restricted to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized. An impairment loss, or the reversal of an impairment loss, are both recognized in the income for the period.

4.5 Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

411

4.6 Advances, prepayments and other receivables

These are initially recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition assessment is made at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication that a financial asset or group of financial assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is determined and any impairment loss is recognized for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

4.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks in current, saving and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

4.8 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value.

4.9 Borrowings

These are recorded at the proceeds received and stated at net of repayments. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis and are disclosed as accrued interest / markup to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

4.10 Employee retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan – Gratuity

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all its eligible employees who have completed minimum service requirement. Gratuity is based on employee's last drawn salary. The liability relating to defined benefit plan is determined through actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method and is charged to profit and loss account and capital work in progress for respective employees. The amount recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains / (losses). Re-measurement actuarial gains / (losses) are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur.

4.11 Compensated absences

The company provides for compensated absences annually based on accumulated annual leaves at the last drawn salary. This can be encashed during the service of the employee or at the time of final settlement.

4.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for other payables are carried at their cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether billed to the Company or not. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of liabilities in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the respective liability.

414

4.13 Borrowing costs

Borrowing and other related costs (net of interest income on specific borrowings) directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period to get ready for their intended use are added to the cost of those assets to the extent the carrying amount of the assets does not exceed its recoverable value, until the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

4.14 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the period determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation on income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments for prior periods or otherwise considered necessary for such periods. Current tax is charged to the profit and loss account except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is also recognized in other comprehensive income.

Deferred

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted, or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to other comprehensive income in which it is included in other comprehensive income.

4.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation because of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.16 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency (Pakistani Rupee) using exchange rates approximating those ruling on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pakistani Rupee at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses resulting from settlement of foreign currency transactions and translation of monetary assets and liabilities at the rates prevailing at the reporting date are included in the profit and loss account except the waiver granted by SECP from the requirements of IAS-21, to the extent of capitalization of exchange differences to the power sector companies as mentioned in note 29. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of a historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

4.17 Related party transactions

Transactions and contracts with related parties are carried out at mutually agreed prices. Parties are said to be related if they can influence the operating and financial decisions of the Company and vice versa.

4.18 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and assets and liabilities are stated at fair value and amortized cost respectively. The Company derecognizes the financial assets and liabilities when it ceases to be a party to such contractual provisions of the instruments.

a) Financial assets

All financial assets are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognized and derecognized on trade date (the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset).

The Company classifies financial assets into the following categories; financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity financial assets, loans and receivables, and available for sale financial assets.

Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss, where transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

b) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company classifies financial liabilities initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Financial liabilities of the Company comprise of borrowings, trade and other payables.

c) Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

41r

5 Operating fixed assets

	Freehold land		Motor vehicles		Office equipment		Furniture & fixture		Computers and IT equipment		Total
	Balloki	Haveeli Bahadur Shah									
Rupees in thousand											
Net carrying value basis											
Year ended June 30, 2017											
Opening net book value (NBV)	493,129	239,118	16,703	3,995	3,902	2,525	759,372				
Additions (at cost)	2,722	-	201	4,456	963	2,123	10,485				
Disposals / write off (at NBV)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Depreciation charge	-	-	(3,938)	(463)	(479)	(1,180)	(6,060)				
Closing net book value (NBV)	495,851	239,118	12,966	7,988	4,406	3,468	763,797				
Gross carrying value basis											
As at June 30, 2017											
Cost	495,851	239,118	19,793	8,627	5,112	5,434	773,935				
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(6,827)	(639)	(706)	(1,966)	(10,138)				
Net book value (NBV)	495,851	239,118	12,966	7,988	4,406	3,468	763,797				
Depreciation rate % per annum	-	-	20%	10%	10%	30%					
Net carrying value basis											
Year ended June 30, 2016											
Opening net book value (NBV)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Additions (at cost)	493,129	239,118	19,592	4,171	4,129	3,311	763,450				
Disposals / write off (at NBV)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Depreciation charge	-	-	(2,889)	(176)	(227)	(786)	(4,078)				
Closing net book value (NBV)	493,129	239,118	16,703	3,995	3,902	2,525	759,372				
Gross carrying value basis											
As at June 30, 2016											
Cost	493,129	239,118	19,592	4,171	4,129	3,311	763,450				
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(2,889)	(176)	(227)	(786)	(4,078)				
Net book value (NBV)	493,129	239,118	16,703	3,995	3,902	2,525	759,372				
Depreciation rate % per annum	-	-	20%	10%	10%	30%					

5.1 Motor vehicles include 22 vehicles provided to the Company by the EPC Contractors as part of the contract requirement, without any additional cost. These vehicles are registered in the Company's name and are being used at project sites and head office. These vehicles have been recorded at nominal value.

411

6 Capital work in progress

Note	HBS	2017		Total	HBS	2016	
		Balloki	Total			Balloki	Total
Rupees in thousand							
EPC milestones		40,545,124	39,830,995	80,376,119	9,673,265	9,345,168	19,018,433
Advance to PCCC - QEL	6.1	2,893,593	-	2,893,593	7,497,724	-	7,497,724
Spur Gas Pipeline - SNGPL	6.2	2,678,000	878,000	3,556,000	2,058,000	642,000	2,700,000
Legal, professional and consultants fee	6.3	751,419	747,961	1,499,380	410,955	410,889	821,844
Borrowing cost	6.4	2,927,420	2,170,924	5,098,344	1,055,992	641,424	1,697,416
Advance for purchase of land		85,932	-	85,932	998	2,722	3,720
LC commission		141,336	162,178	303,514	77,545	87,801	165,346
Projects' insurance		259,574	249,158	508,732	126,050	120,908	246,958
Custom duties and infrastructure cess		2,372,426	1,970,156	4,342,582	260	11,368	11,628
Land development charges		11,566	12,739	24,305	10,454	13,852	24,306
Rent for temporary land		5,897	7,467	13,364	5,897	7,467	13,364
Testing and commissioning	6.5	182,761	-	182,761	-	-	-
Fee and subscription		114,718	25,836	140,554	4,226	4,226	8,452
Salaries, wages and benefits - projects	6.6	94,182	81,760	175,942	21,397	18,139	39,536
Other pre-operating costs		5,979	6,489	12,468	1,035	694	1,729
		53,069,927	46,143,663	99,213,590	20,943,798	11,306,658	32,250,456

6.1 This represents unadjusted balance of advance payment made to the contractor, and is adjustable against milestone invoices of the contractor at the rate of 15% of each invoice value.

6.2 This represents amount paid to SNGPL, being a related party, for construction of spur gas pipelines of 38 KMs for HBS project and 8 KMs for Balloki project and provision for the amount to be paid in respect of the same amounting to Rs 428 million.

6.3 This includes consultancy fee paid to National Engineering Services Pakistan (Private) Limited (NESPAC), which is a related party. The services include providing overview, coordination and design review services sufficient to realize turnkey implementation of the project.

6.4 This represents markup paid and accrued on cash development loan received from Government of Pakistan (GOP). The accrual for the current period has been calculated at the rate of 7.07% per annum based on management's best estimate. The borrowing cost is net of interest income of Rs 2,090 million (2016: Rs 798 million) earned on bank deposits and term deposit receipts with NBP.

6.5 This comprises of fuel cost incurred before and after synchronization of both the projects with the grid system. However, the fuel cost incurred on supply of RLNG by SNGPL during the post synchronization period was offset against the test energy price receivable from CPPA amounting to Rs 1,271 million, as per PPA. The interest cost incurred on overdraft and working capital facility as mentioned in note 18 has also been capitalized as part of the testing cost since these facilities were entered into for the purpose of making RLNG payments to SNGPL.

6.6 Salaries, wages and benefits include gratuity provision aggregating to Rs 13.37 million (2016: Rs 4.08 million). During the period, gratuity paid to employees working at projects amounted to Rs 0.043 million.

A14

6.7	Movement of capital work in progress:	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
	Opening balance	32,250,456	914,505
	Additions during the year	66,965,856	32,068,198
	Transferred to operating fixed assets	(2,722)	(732,247)
	Closing balance	<u>99,213,590</u>	<u>32,250,456</u>

7 Intangible Assets

Computer software and licenses

Net carrying value

Year ended June 30

Opening net book value (NBV)	-	-
Additions (at cost)	2,378	-
Disposals (at NBV)	-	-
Amortization charge	(275)	-
Closing net book value (NBV)	<u>2,103</u>	<u>-</u>

Gross carrying value basis

As at June 30

Cost	2,378	-
Accumulated amortization	(275)	-
Net book value (NBV)	<u>2,103</u>	<u>-</u>

Amortization rate % per annum

33.33% -

8	Long term advances and deposits	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
	LNG escrow account	8.1	11,414,305	-
	Security deposit - rental premises		7,038	7,038
	Security deposit - bank lockers		50	-
	O&M mobilization cost	8.2	<u>240,423</u>	<u>-</u>
			<u>11,661,816</u>	<u>7,038</u>

8.1 This represents the amount deposited in escrow accounts with NBP, which is a related party, under the terms defined by the GSA signed with SNGPL, for the supply of RLNG to both the projects. The amount comprises of Rs 5,691 million deposited for HBS and Rs 5,723 million for Balloki project.

8.2 This represents initial fee paid to operations and maintenance (O&M) contractor of HBS project as per the terms of the O&M agreement signed between the Company and SEPCO III Electric Power Construction Corporation.

9	Advances, prepayments and other receivables	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
	Accrued profit	9.1	111,317	187,651
	Advance income tax		137,770	76,227
	Prepaid expenses		6,915	3,382
	Advance for office expenses		410	210
	Other receivables	9.2	<u>1,488,788</u>	<u>180</u>
			<u>1,745,200</u>	<u>267,650</u>

411

- 9.1 This amount represents profit accrued on saving accounts and Term Deposit Receipts (TDRs) issued by NBP, which is a related party.
- 9.2 This includes the amount receivable from CPPA, which is a related party, amounting to Rs 1,487 million, on the basis of net electrical output transferred to the grid system during the testing phase of HBS project. As per the PPA, CPPA is liable to pay test energy price to the Company for the net electrical output transferred during the testing phase.
- 9.3 For the purpose of securing its obligation to the financiers as per the agreement of Stand-By Letter of Credit (SBLC) and working capital facility, the Company has assigned by way of mortgage to the security trustee (National Bank of Pakistan) all energy payments receivable from CPPA.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
10 Tax refunds due from Government			
Income tax		32,233	-
Sales tax		2,639,114	741,544
		<u>2,671,347</u>	<u>741,544</u>
11 Cash and bank balances			
Cash in hand		0.03	0.03
Cash at bank - saving accounts	11.1	1,059,527	5,640
Term deposit receipts	11.2	18,883,163	25,669,406
		<u>19,942,690</u>	<u>25,675,046</u>

- 11.1 Saving accounts are maintained with NBP, which is a related party. These balances carry interest rate of 3.75% (June 2016: 3.75%) per annum.

This includes a fuel cost account opened during the year in pursuance of the SBLC and working capital facility agreements entered into for making RLNG payments to SNGPL. As per the aforementioned agreements, lien has been marked on the fuel cost account in favor of the security trustee (NBP). The security trustee has the right of set-off, right of transfer and right of appropriation over all amounts standing to the credit of the fuel cost account. The balance of fuel cost account as at June 30, 2017 was Rs 1,048 million (2016: Nil).

- 11.2 Term deposit receipts issued by NBP have a maturity period of equal to or less than 3 months. The rate of return on these term deposits ranges from 5.50% to 5.85% (June 2016: 5.50% to 5.90%) per annum.

		2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
12 Share capital			
Authorized 10,000 (2016: 10,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
Issued, subscribed and paid up 10,000 (2016: 3) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid in cash		<u>100</u>	<u>0.03</u>
13 Share deposit money			
Opening balance	13.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
Issuance of shares		(100)	-
Loan conversion into equity	14.1	114,000,000	-
		<u>116,499,900</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>

- 13.1 Share deposit money represents Rs 2,500 million received from GOP as per Circular No. GPI-7(02)/2015 dated June 09, 2015 on account of equity (seed money) to the Company.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
14 Long term loan			
Loan from Government of Pakistan (GOP)		114,000,000	45,000,000
Conversion into equity		(114,000,000)	-
	14.1	<u>-</u>	<u>45,000,000</u>

- 14.1** Cash development loan was received from GOP which was to be paid back in 20 years with grace period of 5 years. Repayment of the principle amount was to commence after the completion of the grace period, however mark up was accrued from the date of the first disbursement. Mark up was accrued based on the management's best estimate. Total loan received till June 30, 2017 amounted to Rs 114 billion. However as per the GOP Finance Division order No.F.1(1)CF-I/2014-15 dated June 30, 2017, the Company was instructed to convert the entire amount of loan into equity.

On completion of conversion, the PDFL will acquire the entire equity stake of the Federal Government (presently Rs 114 billion) and will pay sale proceeds directly to Federal Government in 3 installments up to September 30, 2017.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
15 Retention money			
PCCC - QEL		2,467,322	677,129
HEI - HRL		2,553,793	680,028
	15.1	<u>5,021,115</u>	<u>1,357,157</u>

- 15.1** This represents amount retained on payments to EPC contractors at the rate of 7% of each invoice value. Maximum 5% of contract price can be retained from payments as retention money. 50% of the retention money is payable after the facility take over certificate is issued by the Company and the rest of the 50% will be paid upon completion of punch list period.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
16 Deferred liabilities			
Provision for gratuity	16.1	21,510	6,724
Deferred taxation		-	699
		<u>21,510</u>	<u>7,423</u>

- 16.1** The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its employees in service. Under the scheme, the Company pays an amount equal to one month gross salary for each year of completed service. During current year provision has been made to cover obligation in accordance with the actuarial recommendations as required under IAS-19 "Employee Benefits".

- 16.1.1** The amounts recognized in the capital work-in-progress (CWIP), profit and loss account and other comprehensive income are determined as follows:

	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
Current service cost	14,086	6,724
Net interest	398	-
Total expense	<u>14,484</u>	<u>6,724</u>
Total expense chargeable to:		
CWIP - Project cost	9,031	4,087
Profit and loss account	5,453	2,637
	<u>14,484</u>	<u>6,724</u>

2017 **2016**
(Rupees in thousand)

16.1.2 The amount recognized in the balance sheet is as follows:

Liability as at July 1	6,724	-
Current service cost	14,086	6,724
Net interest	398	-
Remeasurements due to:		
Change in financial assumptions	537	-
Experience adjustments	1,400	-
Transitional liability	(1,533)	-
Benefits paid	(102)	-
Liability as at June 30	<u>21,510</u>	<u>6,724</u>

17 Trade and other payables

PCCC - QEL		5,496,447	7,545,406
HEI - HRL		4,368,685	447,622
SNGPL	17.1	748,365	-
Consultancy services	17.2	377,345	310,983
Accrued expenses		27,572	4,898
Sales tax payable		218,147	-
Withholding tax payable		94,200	200
Other liabilities		6,711	15,341
Provision for spur gas pipeline-SNGPL		428,000	-
		<u>11,765,472</u>	<u>8,324,450</u>

17.1 This represents amount payable to SNGPL, a related party, in respect of supply of RLNG.

17.2 This amount pertains to the balance payable to NESPAK, a related party, for engineering consultancy services provided for the installation of HBS and Balloki projects.

Note **2017** **2016**
(Rupees in thousand)

18 Accrued markup

Long term loan	18.1	1,200,048	2,495,783
Short term borrowings	19	<u>3,236</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>1,203,284</u>	<u>2,495,783</u>

18.1 This represents markup payable on cash development loan received from GOP. Markup during the financial year ended June 30, 2016 was accrued at 10.53%, based on management's best estimate. However, during the current year, Ministry of Finance through its circular no. F.8(1)GS-I/2006-1679 dated December 31, 2016 notified that the rate for the financial year ended June 30, 2016 was 7.37%. Hence an adjustment of Rs 487 million was made during the year to reverse the excess accrual recorded during the year ended June 30, 2016. Markup for the period has been accrued at a provisional rate of 7.07%, based on management's best estimate.

Note **2017** **2016**
(Rupees in thousand)

19 Short term borrowings

Working capital finance	19.1	1,130,476	-
Overdraft account	19.2	<u>498,977</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>1,629,453</u>	<u>-</u>

19.1 Working capital finance is available in equal proportion from NBP (related party) and United Bank Limited (UBL) amounting to Rs 21,340 million for HBS project carrying a mark-up of three months KIBOR plus 1.50%. The said facility has been secured by way of a first ranking hypothecation charge over the hypothecated fuel stock of HBS project, assignment by way of mortgage of energy payments receivable pertaining to HBS project and a second ranking charge over the hypothecated plant and machinery of HBS project.

19.2 Overdraft facility is available for 3 months period ended August 31, 2017 from NBP, being a related party, amounting to Rs 700 million for HBS project. It carries mark-up of three months KIBOR plus 1.50%. The facility has been secured by way of a lien marked on TDRs/funds of HBS project amounting to Rs 778 million.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
20 Provision for taxation			
Provision as at July 1		4,768	982
Provision for the year	20.1	16,539	3,786
Prior year provision	20.1	40,208	-
Tax paid		(982)	-
Adjustment with tax deducted at source		(43,994)	-
Provision as at June 30		<u>16,539</u>	<u>4,768</u>
20.1 Taxation			
Current	20.2	16,539	3,786
Prior year	20.3	40,208	-
		<u>56,747</u>	<u>3,786</u>
Deferred	20.4	(699)	699
		<u>56,048</u>	<u>4,485</u>

20.2 Current tax expense is calculated at the rate of 31% of other income as appearing in note 24.

20.3 Prior year tax amounting to Rs 40 million has been recognized based on the income tax return filed for the tax year 2016.

20.4 The company has not recognized deferred tax asset of Rs 91 million resulting mainly from pre-commencement expenditures on prudence basis as the company is at project development stage.

	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
20.5 Tax charge reconciliation		
Accounting (loss)/profit	<u>(111,578)</u>	<u>14,017</u>
Income tax charge	(34,589)	4,485
Tax effect of inadmissible expenses/income	-	(699)
Tax effect of pre-commencement expenditure	50,428	-
Tax effect of exchange gain adjustment	700	-
Current Tax	<u>16,539</u>	<u>3,786</u>
Tax effect of prior years	40,208	-
Taxation charge for the period	<u>56,747</u>	<u>3,786</u>

415

21 Contingencies and commitments

21.1 Contingencies

There are no known contingencies as at June 30, 2017. (2016: Nil)

21.2 Commitments

- a) Commitments for capital expenditure include; EPC cost of Rs 18,204 million for HBS project, Rs 18,998 million for Balloki project and engineering consultancy cost of Rs 129 million for each project. To facilitate payments to EPC contractors for both projects, the Company has opened four Letters of Credit (LCs) with NBP for each project. Two LCs pertain to onshore payments and two LCs pertain to offshore payments. The total amount pertaining to offshore payment LCs add up to USD 848.430 million out of which USD 378.037 million is unutilized. The total amount pertaining to onshore payment LCs add up to Rs 21,886 million out of which Rs 9,996 million is unutilized.
- b) Pursuant to the GSA signed with SNGPL for the HBS project, the Company has entered into a SBLC arrangement for an amount of Rs 11,383 million. This SBLC is secured by way of a first ranking hypothecation charge over the hypothecated plant and machinery of HBS project and assignment by way of mortgage of energy payments receivable from CPPA pertaining to HBS project.
- c) The Company has provided a bank guarantee via NBP dated January 15, 2016 in favor of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (PSO) for the purchase of fuel on credit for its fleet of cars amounting to Rs 0.971 million.
- d) The Company has opened RLNG escrow accounts with NBP for HBS and Balloki projects in accordance with the terms of the GSA signed between the Company and SNGPL. As per the agreement, an amount equivalent to one month RLNG supply for each project shall be maintained in these accounts separately for each project. The HBS RLNG escrow account was opened on April 19, 2017 and interest amounting to Rs 42 million accrued during the current financial period on the amount of escrow account deposit. The Balloki RLNG escrow account was opened on June 29, 2017 and interest amounting to Rs 0.587 million accrued during the current financial period on the amount of escrow deposit. Interest accrued on both these accounts is payable to or to be adjusted against any receivable from the CPPA as per section 9.11 of the PPA and has not been recorded in these financial statements.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
22 Cash used in operations			
(Loss) / Profit before tax		(111,578)	14,017
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		6,060	4,078
Amortization	7	275	-
Provision for gratuity	16.1.1	5,453	2,637
Reversal of prior period gratuity provision		(577)	-
Foreign exchange loss / (gain)		2,258	(2,258)
Accrued profit on saving account / TDRs		-	(15,476)
		<u>13,469</u>	<u>(11,019)</u>
Operating (loss) / profit before working capital changes		(98,109)	2,998
Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes			
Advances, prepayments and other receivables		(1,416,007)	(172,091)
Trade and other payables		326,190	15,416
		<u>(1,089,817)</u>	<u>(156,675)</u>
		<u>(1,187,926)</u>	<u>(153,677)</u>

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
23 Administration expenses			
Salaries, wages and benefits	23.1	99,827	59,702
Directors' meeting fee and expenses		2,965	1,611
Travelling and conveyance		3,938	1,327
Vehicles running and maintenance		2,417	1,402
Printing and stationary		1,889	930
Office supplies and utilities		6,845	3,901
Repair and maintenance		333	575
Legal and Professional		1,349	769
Auditors' remuneration	23.2	5,100	400
Publicity and advertisements		6,967	34,518
Fee and subscription		320	89
Rent, rates and taxes		15,055	11,730
Security services		821	491
Telephone and telex		1,742	1,231
Insurance		6,519	1,960
Depreciation	5	6,060	4,078
Amortization		275	-
		<u>162,422</u>	<u>124,714</u>

23.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include provision for gratuity aggregating to Rs 5.4 million (2016: Rs 2.6 million).

	Note	2017 (Rupees in thousand)	2016
23.2 Auditor's remuneration:			
Statutory audit fee		4,635	275
Compliance and other certificates		300	97
Out of pocket expenses		165	28
		<u>5,100</u>	<u>400</u>

24 Other income			
Profit on saving accounts	11.1	-	36,809
Profit on term deposit receipts	11.2	6,728	99,677
Scrap sale		46,367	-
Income from sale of bidding documents		257	89
Foreign exchange (loss) / gain		(2,258)	2,258
		<u>51,094</u>	<u>138,833</u>

25 Financial charges			
Other bank charges		250	102
		<u>250</u>	<u>102</u>

414

The Company has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital risk. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks.

26.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Currently, the Company is in initial stages and has no counterparties except certain advances, deposits, and other receivables and bank balances.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparty is a bank with highest credit quality and unlimited liability.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is given below:

	2017	2016
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Long term advances and deposits	11,421,393	7,038
Accrued profit	111,317	187,651
Bank balances	19,942,690	25,675,046
	<u>31,475,400</u>	<u>25,869,735</u>

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

Name of bank	Rating agency	Rating		2017	2016
		Short term	Long term		
		(Rupees in thousand)			
National Bank of Pakistan	PACRA	A1+	AAA	18,894,987	25,669,406
United Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	1,047,700	-
Habib Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA	3	-
				19,942,690	25,669,406

26.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. Management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position.

Maturity analysis of financial liabilities

The following table details the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities.

Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2017:

		2017 Rupees in thousand
Trade and other payables	Maturity upto 3 months	11,765,472
Short term borrowings	Maturity upto 6 months	1,629,453
Accrued markup	Maturity upto 6 months	1,203,284
		<u>14,598,209</u>

Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2016:

		2016 Rupees in thousand
Trade and other payables	Maturity upto 3 months	8,324,450
Accrued markup	Maturity upto 6 months	2,495,783
Long term loan	Maturity more than 5 year	45,000,000
		<u>55,820,233</u>

26.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's cost. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company does not foresee any risk associated with currency risk, as any variation in currency rates will be absorbed in final tariff determination by NEPRA.

Pak Rupee (PKR) is the functional currency of the Company and as a result currency exposure arises from transactions and balances in currencies other than PKR. The Company manages its currency risk by close monitoring of currency markets. As per central bank regulation, the Company cannot hedge its currency risk exposure. The Company's potential currency exposure comprises of the following risks.

The Company is in development phase and there are only expenditures relating to consultants and contractors which are not in Pak Rupees. These currency risks are managed as part of overall the risk management strategy.

	Currency	2017	2016
Payables to PCCC – QEL	USD	51,440,578	71,126,583
Payables to HEI – HRL	USD	35,842,571	4,166,699
Retention money payable to PCCC – QEL	USD	18,469,923	6,383,155
Retention money payable to HEI – HRL	USD	19,915,028	4,547,526
Payables to NESPAK	USD	29,344	21,156
Net exposure - USD		<u>125,697,444</u>	<u>86,245,119</u>
Payables to NESPAK	EURO	615,596	446,784
Net exposure - Euro		<u>615,596</u>	<u>446,784</u>

An increase/ decrease in exchange rate by Re 1 per USD will result in an increase/ decrease in payable to PCCC - QEL, payable to HEI - HRL, Retention money payable to PCCC - QEL, Retention money payable to HEI - HRL and payable to NESPAK by Rs 51.4 million, Rs 35.8 million, Rs 18.5 million, Rs 19.9 million and Rs 0.029 million respectively. An increase/ decrease in exchange rate by Re 1 per Euro will result in an increase/ decrease in payable to NESPAK by Rs 0.616 million.

Monetary items, including financial assets and liabilities, denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company are periodically restated to PKR equivalent, and the associated gain or loss is currently set-off against capital work-in-progress. The foreign currency risk related to monetary items is managed as part of the risk management strategy.

The significant spot exchange rate applied is PKR/US\$ 105.3 (2016: 104.7) and PKR/Euro 120.14 (2016: 116.31).

b) Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. Sensitivity to interest rate risk arises from mismatches of financial assets and liabilities that mature in a given period.

At the reporting date, the Company has working capital facility as a variable interest bearing financial instrument.

Currently, the markup is accrued at the provisional rate of 7.07%. The actual markup rate is to be notified by the Government of Pakistan. An increase/ decrease in markup rate by 1% will result in an increase/ decrease in accrued markup and capital work in progress by Rs 732.66 million. However, any variation in interest rates will be adjusted in final tariff determination by NEPRA.

The working capital facility carries mark-up of three months KIBOR plus 1.50%. Any increase/ decrease in rate by 1% will result in an increase/ decrease in mark-up by Rs 0.424 million. However, any variation in interest rates will be adjusted in final tariff determination by NEPRA.

c) Other price risk

Other price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to equity price risk since there are no investments in equity securities. The Company is also not exposed to commodity price risk since it does not hold any financial instrument based on commodity price.

4/15

26.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair values are determined on the basis of objective evidence at the reporting date.

	2017	2016
	(Rupees in thousand)	
26.4.1 Financial instruments by categories		
Assets as per balance sheet		
Long term deposits	11,421,393	7,038
Advances and other receivables	1,738,286	264,269
Tax refunds due from Government	2,671,347	741,544
Cash and bank balances	19,942,690	25,675,046
	<u>35,773,716</u>	<u>26,687,897</u>
Liabilities as per balance sheet		
Long term loan	-	45,000,000
Retention money	5,021,115	1,357,157
Trade and other payables	11,765,472	8,324,450
Accrued markup	1,203,284	2,495,783
Short term borrowings	1,629,453	-
	<u>19,619,324</u>	<u>57,177,390</u>

26.5 Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Consistent with other companies in the industry, the Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowing divided by total capital employed. Total capital employed includes total equity plus total borrowings.

	2017	2016
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Long term loan	-	45,000,000
Short term borrowings	1,629,453	-
Total borrowing	<u>1,629,453</u>	<u>45,000,000</u>
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	100	0.03
Share deposit money	116,499,900	2,500,000
Accumulated (loss) / profit	(156,830)	11,525
Total equity	<u>116,343,170</u>	<u>2,511,525</u>
Total capital employed	<u>117,972,623</u>	<u>47,511,525</u>
Gearing ratio	<u>1.4%</u>	<u>94.7%</u>

114

27 Remuneration of chief executive, directors and executives

27.1 The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits, to the Chief Executive, full time working director and executives of the company is as follows:

	Chief Executive		Directors		Executives	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Rupees in thousand					
Short term employee benefits						
Managerial remuneration	1,565	1,092	-	-	172,499	67,879
Bonus	13,877	11,687	-	-	-	-
House rent	126	105	-	-	-	-
Utilities	483	216	-	-	-	-
Post employment benefits						
Gratuity	16,051	13,100	-	-	172,499	67,879
	484	317	-	-	15,541	6,123
Number of persons	1	1	9	9	48	31
	16,535	13,417	-	-	188,040	74,002

27.2 CEO is entitled to quarterly bonus which is dependent on the achievement of predetermined milestones for each quarter.

27.3 Aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year as directors fee in respect of 9 directors (2016: 9 directors) was Rs 3.240 million (2016: Rs 1.611 million).

411

28 Transactions with related parties

The Company is owned by the Government of Pakistan and therefore, all the government departments / agencies are related parties of the Company. Further, the related parties comprise of related group companies, directors of the Company, companies considered related parties by the way of common directorship, associated companies, and key management personnel. Being a government owned entity, details of significant and quantifiable transactions with government owned entities and other related parties, other than remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives are as follows:

Transactions during the period		2017	2016
Government owned entities - Associates		(Rupees in thousand)	
CPPA	Sale of energy	1,271,750	-
SNGPL	Purchase of RLNG	1,441,352	-
NESPAK	Consultancy fee	674,143	645,687
SNGPL	Payment for construction of spur gas pipeline	428,000	2,700,000
NBP	Profit on saving account	23,705	150,411
NBP	Profit on term deposits	1,274,609	784,443
		<u>5,113,559</u>	<u>4,280,541</u>
Parent - Government of Pakistan (GOP)			
	Long term loan	69,000,000	45,000,000
	Conversion of debt to equity	114,000,000	-
		<u>188,113,559</u>	<u>49,280,541</u>

29 Waiver from application of IAS-21

SECP through its S.R.O 24(I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012, exempted the power companies from application of IAS-21 'The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates' to the extent of charging exchange differences. Had the exchange difference, as allowed by the above mentioned notification of the SECP, not been capitalized, the accumulated loss would have been higher by Rs 63 million and capital work in progress would have been lower by Rs 63 million.

30	Number of employees	2017	2016
	Total number of employees as at June 30	105	85
	Average number of employees during the year	94	46

31 Events after the balance sheet date

Gas Turbine 1 (GT1) and Gas Turbine 2 (GT2) of both the projects have been commissioned following the year ended June 30, 2017. Moreover, simple cycle operations of both the projects have also commenced following the year end. Simple cycle operations start date for GT1 and GT2 of HBS project is July 18, 2017, whereas, for Balloki project, operations start date for GT1 is August 13, 2017 and for GT2 is August 30, 2017.

32 Date of authorization

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the company and authorized for issue on **28 SEP 2017**

33 General

- 33.1 Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of better presentation. However, no significant re-arrangements have been made.
- 33.2 These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee ("Rs") which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise stated.


Chief Executive


Director



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES (CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) RULES, 2013

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (the Rules) prepared by the Board of Directors of National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The responsibility for compliance with the Rules is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Rules and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Rules. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Rules.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Rules requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, except for the instances mentioned in Schedule-II (Explanation for Non-Compliance), nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Rules as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Chartered Accountants

Name of engagement partner: Hammad Ali Ahmad

Lahore, September 28, 2017

A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
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SCHEDULE-I
Statement of Compliance with the
Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013

Name of Company: **National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited**
Name of the Department: **Ministry of Water & Power, Government of Pakistan**
For the Year Ended: **June 30, 2017**

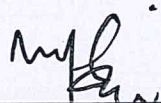
- i.) This statement is being presented to comply with the Public-Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (hereinafter called "the Rules") issued for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a Public-Sector company is managed in compliance with the best practices of public sector governance.
- ii.) The company has complied with the provisions of the Rules in the following manner:

S. No	Provisions of the Rules	Rule No.	Y	N																					
			Tick the relevant Box																						
1.	The Independent Directors meet the criteria of independence, as defined under the Rules.	2(d)	✓																						
2.	The Board has the requisite percentage of Independent Directors. At present the Board includes: <table><tr><th>Category</th><th>Names</th><th>Date of Appointment</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">Independent Directors</td><td>1. Mr. Arif Saeed</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td>2. Mr. Asad Ali Khan</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td>3. Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td>4. Syed Maratib Ali</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">Other Non-Executive Directors</td><td>1. Mr. Shah Jahan Mirza</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td>2. Mr. Zafar Abbas</td><td>02-03-2015</td></tr><tr><td>3. Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain</td><td>30-04-2015</td></tr><tr><td>4. Mr. Amjad Latif</td><td>07-03-2016</td></tr></table>	Category	Names	Date of Appointment	Independent Directors	1. Mr. Arif Saeed	30-04-2015	2. Mr. Asad Ali Khan	30-04-2015	3. Mr. Nauman Ahmed Khan	30-04-2015	4. Syed Maratib Ali	30-04-2015	Other Non-Executive Directors	1. Mr. Shah Jahan Mirza	30-04-2015	2. Mr. Zafar Abbas	02-03-2015	3. Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain	30-04-2015	4. Mr. Amjad Latif	07-03-2016	3(2)	✓	
Category	Names	Date of Appointment																							
Independent Directors	1. Mr. Arif Saeed	30-04-2015																							
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	4. Mr. Amjad Latif	07-03-2016																							
3.	A casual vacancy occurring on the Board was filled up by the Directors within ninety days.	3(4)	NA																						
4.	The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than five Public Sector Companies and Listed Companies simultaneously, except their Subsidiaries.	3(5)		✓																					
5.	The appointing authorities have applied the fit and proper criteria given in the Annexure in making nominations of the persons for election as Board members under the Provisions of the Ordinance.	3(7)	✓																						
6.	The Chairman of the Board is working separately from the Chief Executive of the Company.	4(1)	✓																						
7.	The Chairman has been elected from amongst the Independent Directors.	4(4)	✓																						
8.	The Board has evaluated the candidates for the position of the Chief Executive on the basis of the fit and proper criteria as well as the guidelines specified by the Commission.	5(2)	✓																						
9.	(a) The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has	5(4)	✓																						

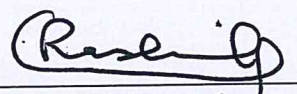
	<p>ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures, including posting the same on the Company's website.</p> <p>(b) The Board has set in place adequate systems and controls for the identification and redressal of grievances arising from unethical practices.</p>		✓	
10.	The Board has established a system of sound internal control, to ensure compliance with the fundamental principles of probity and propriety; objectivity, integrity and honesty; and relationship with the stakeholders, in the manner prescribed in the Rules..	5(5)	✓	
11.	The Board has developed and enforced an appropriate conflict of interest policy to lay down circumstances or considerations when a person may be deemed to have actual or potential conflict of interests, and the procedure for disclosing such interest.	5(5)(b) (ii)	✓	
12.	The Board has developed and implemented a policy on anti-corruption to minimize actual or perceived corruption in the Company.	5(5)(b) (vi)	✓	
13.	<p>(a) The Board has ensured equality of opportunity by establishing open and fair procedures for making appointments and for determining terms and conditions of service.</p> <p>(b) A Committee has been formed to investigating deviations from the Company's Code of Conduct.</p>	5(5)(c) (ii)	✓ ✓	
14.	The Board has ensured compliance with the law as well as the Company's internal rules and procedures relating to public procurement, tender regulations, and purchasing and technical standards, when dealing with suppliers of goods and services, in accordance with the PPRA Rules.	5(5)(c) (iii)	✓	
15.	The Board has developed a vision or mission statement, corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.	5(6)	✓	
16.	The Board has quantified the outlay of any action in respect of any service delivered or goods sold by the Company as a public service obligation, and has submitted its request for appropriate compensation to the Government for consideration.	5(8)	N/A	
17.	<p>(a) The Board has met at least four times during the year.</p> <p>(b) Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings.</p> <p>(c) The Minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.</p>	6(1) 6(2) 6(3)	✓ ✓ ✓	
18.	The Board has carried out performance evaluation of its members, including the Chairman and the Chief Executive, on the basis of a process, based on specified criteria, developed by it. The Board has also monitored and assessed the performance of senior management on annual/half-yearly/quarterly basis.	8	✓	
19.	The Board has reviewed and approved the related party transactions placed before it after recommendations of the	9	✓	

	Audit Committee. A party wise record of transactions entered into with the related parties during the year has been maintained.																					
20.	The Board has approved the profit and loss account for, and balance sheet as at the end of, the first, second and third quarter of the year as well as the financial year end, and has placed the annual financial statements on the Company's website. Monthly accounts were also prepared and circulated amongst the Board members.	10	✓																			
21.	All the Board members underwent an orientation course arranged by the Company to apprise them of the material developments and information as specified in the Rules.	11	✓																			
22.	(a) The Board has formed the requisite Committees, as specified in the Rules. (b) The Committees were provided with written Terms of Reference defining their duties, authority and composition. (c) The Minutes of the meetings of the Committees were circulated to all the Board members. (d) The Committees were Chaired by the following non-executive directors: <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Committee</th><th>Number of Members</th><th>Name of Chair</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Audit Committee</td><td>3</td><td>Syed Maratib Ali</td></tr><tr><td>Risk Management Committee</td><td>3</td><td>Syed Maratib Ali</td></tr><tr><td>Human Resource Committee</td><td>4</td><td>Mr. Arif Saeed</td></tr><tr><td>Procurement Committee</td><td>4</td><td>Mr. Asad Ali Khan</td></tr><tr><td>Nomination Committee</td><td>3</td><td>Mr. Arif Saeed</td></tr></tbody></table>	Committee	Number of Members	Name of Chair	Audit Committee	3	Syed Maratib Ali	Risk Management Committee	3	Syed Maratib Ali	Human Resource Committee	4	Mr. Arif Saeed	Procurement Committee	4	Mr. Asad Ali Khan	Nomination Committee	3	Mr. Arif Saeed	12	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	
Committee	Number of Members	Name of Chair																				
Audit Committee	3	Syed Maratib Ali																				
Risk Management Committee	3	Syed Maratib Ali																				
Human Resource Committee	4	Mr. Arif Saeed																				
Procurement Committee	4	Mr. Asad Ali Khan																				
Nomination Committee	3	Mr. Arif Saeed																				
23.	The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Chief Internal Auditor, with their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment, and as per their prescribed qualifications.	13/14	✓																			
24.	The Company has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards notified by the Commission under clause (i) of sub-section (3) of Section 234 of the Ordinance.	16	✓																			
25.	The Director's Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Ordinance and the Rules and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.	17	✓																			
26.	The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the Pattern of Shareholding.	18	✓																			
27.	A formal and transparent procedure for fixing the remuneration packages of individual Directors has been set in place. The Annual Report of the Company contains criteria and details of remuneration of each Director. (Explanation of N/A: There is no executive director and in future in case any executive director is proposed the procedure will be	19	N/A																			

	<i>developed accordingly).</i>															
28.	The Financial Statements of the Company were duly endorsed by the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer, before approval of the Board.	20	✓													
29.	The Board has formed an Audit Committee, with defined and written Terms of Reference, and having the following members: <table><tr><th>Name of Member</th><th>Category</th><th>Professional Background</th></tr><tr><td>Mr. Syed Maratib Ali</td><td>Independent Director</td><td>Chief Executive Officer, The Abepak (Pvt.) Limited</td></tr><tr><td>Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain, Joint Secretary, (Expenditure), Finance Division, Government of Pakistan</td><td>Non-Executive Director</td><td>Civil Servant</td></tr><tr><td>Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan</td><td>Independent Director</td><td>Managing Director, Almoiz Industries Limited</td></tr></table> <p>The Chief Executive and Chairman of the Board are not members of the Audit Committee.</p>	Name of Member	Category	Professional Background	Mr. Syed Maratib Ali	Independent Director	Chief Executive Officer, The Abepak (Pvt.) Limited	Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain, Joint Secretary, (Expenditure), Finance Division, Government of Pakistan	Non-Executive Director	Civil Servant	Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan	Independent Director	Managing Director, Almoiz Industries Limited	21	✓	
Name of Member	Category	Professional Background														
Mr. Syed Maratib Ali	Independent Director	Chief Executive Officer, The Abepak (Pvt.) Limited														
Mr. Aamer Mehmood Hussain, Joint Secretary, (Expenditure), Finance Division, Government of Pakistan	Non-Executive Director	Civil Servant														
Mr. Nauman Ahmad Khan	Independent Director	Managing Director, Almoiz Industries Limited														
30.	The Board has set up an effective internal audit function, which has an audit charter, duly approved by the Audit Committee, and which worked in accordance with the applicable standards.	22	✓													
31.	The Company has appointed its external auditors in line with the requirements envisaged under the Rules.	23	✓													
32.	The external auditors of the Company have confirmed that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on Code of Ethics as applicable in Pakistan.	23(4)	✓													
33.	The external auditors have not been appointed to provide non-audit services and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed applicable guidelines issued by IFAC in this regard.	23(5)	✓													
34.	The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Rules.	-	✓													



Arif Saeed
Chairman Board of Directors

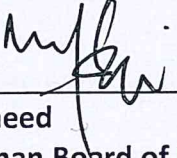


Rashid Mahmood
Chief Executive Officer

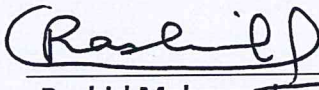
SCHEDULE-II
Explanation for Non-Compliance with the
Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013

We confirm that all other material requirements envisaged in the Rules have been complied with [except for the following, toward which reasonable progress is being made by the Company to seek compliance by the end of next accounting year]:

Sr. No.	Rule/ sub-rule no.	Reason for non-compliance	Future course of action
1.	3(5)	Being Government owned Company all directors were appointed by the Government, being the best options. Two Directors have confirmed that they are at the Boards of more than 5 Public Sector Companies.	The Company will ensure the compliance of the said provision.



Arif Saeed
Chairman Board of Directors



Rashid Mahmood
Chief Executive Officer

Form of Proxy

of National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited
2nd Floor, A Block, Pak Secretariat, Islamabad

I/We, _____, of
_____, being a member of National Power Parks
Management Company (Private) Limited., holder of
_____ Ordinary Share(s) as per Register Folio No.
_____ hereby Appoint Mr.
_____ Folio No. _____ of
_____ or failing him Mr. _____ Folio No.
_____ of _____, who is also a member of National Power Parks
Management Company (Private) Limited., as my / our proxy in my / our absence to attend and
vote for me / us, and on my / our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be
held on _____ 2016 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed under my / our hand this _____ day of _____, 2017.

Signed in the presence of:

Signature should
agree
with the specimen
signature registered
with the company

Signature of Witness No. 1

Signature of Witness No. 1

Name: _____

Name: _____

CNIC No.: _____

CNIC No.: _____

NOTES:

1 This instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorized in writing, or if the appointer is a corporation either under the common seal or under the hand of an official or attorney so authorized. No person shall be appointed as a proxy who is not a member of the Company qualified to vote except that a corporation being a member may appoint a person who is not a member.

2 The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of authority, shall be deposited at the office of the Company not less than 48 (forty-eight) hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of a proxy shall not be treated as valid

پراکسی کا فارم

میں / ہم ----- برائے ----- سکیورٹی پیپرز لمیٹڈ کے ممبر (ز) اور
 ----- آڈیزی شیئرز کے ہولڈر پچور شیئر رجسٹر فولیو / C D C اکاؤنٹ نمبر
 ----- تقرر کرتا ہوں ----- فولیو / C D C اکاؤنٹ نمبر
 ----- اور ----- شناختی کارڈ / پاسپورٹ نمبر ----- جس
 کے ذریعے ----- فولیو / C D C اکاؤنٹ نمبر ----- کا شناختی کارڈ / پاسپورٹ نمبر
 ----- جو کمپنی کا ممبر بھی ہے میرے / ہمارے پراکسی کے طور پر مجھے / ہمیں 50 سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ جو 28 اگست 2015 صبح
 11:00 بجے بروز جمعہ منعقد کی جائے گی میں ووٹ ڈالنے کا اہل ہے۔ بلا تعطل

دستخط کریں ----- بروز ----- 2015

کواہ

1 دستخط

نام:

پتہ:

شناختی کارڈ اور پاسپورٹ نمبر:

2 دستخط

نام:

پتہ:

شناختی کارڈ اور پاسپورٹ نمبر:

اہم نکات

- 1- میٹنگ سے 48 گھنٹے قبل پراکسی کا یہ فارم جو ہر لحاظ سے مکمل اور دستخط شدہ ہو کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں جمع کرا دیا جائے۔
- 2- یہ فارم ممبر یا اس کے انارنی کی جانب سے جسے تحریری طور پر اتھارائزڈ کیا گیا ہو، کی جانب سے دستخط کیا جائے۔ اگر ممبر کوئی کارپوریشن ہے تو اس کی عام ہر موجود ہوئی چاہیے۔
- 3- ایسا ممبر جو میٹنگ میں شمولیت اور ووٹ دینے کا اہل ہے وہ کسی دوسرے ممبر کو اپنے / اپنی پراکسی کے طور پر میٹنگ میں شمولیت اور ووٹ دینے کیلئے نامزد کر سکتا ہے

علاوہ ازیں کارپوریشن ایسے شخص کو نامزد کر سکتی ہے جو ممبر نہ ہو۔